

试卷代号:1201

中央广播电视大学 2009—2010 学年度第二学期“开放本科”期末考试

英语综合实践 试题

2010 年 7 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸指定的位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

Information for the Examinees:

This examination consists of FOUR parts. These are:

Part I : Listening Comprehension (20 points)

Part II : Reading Comprehension (20 points)

Part III : Vocabulary and Structure (40 points)

Part IV : Writing (20 points)

The total score for this examination is 100. The time allowed for this examination is 90 minutes.

10. Christie found an old _____ in Hollywood.

A. company

B. factory

C. gentleman

D. building

Part II . Reading Comprehension (20 point)

Directions: In this section, there are two passages followed by a total of ten multiple choice questions each with four suggested answers marked A, B, C, and D. Choose the one that you think is the correct answer. Mark your answers on your answer sheet.

Passage 1

Is language, like food, a basic human need? Judging from the drastic experiment of Frederick II in the 13th century, it may be. Hoping to discover what language a child would speak if he heard no mother tongues, he told the nurses to keep silent. All the infants died before the first year. But clearly there was more than language deprivation here. What was missing was good mothering. Without good mothering, in the first year of life especially, the capacity to survive is seriously affected.

Today no such drastic deprivation exists as that ordered by Frederick. Nevertheless, some children are still backward in speaking. Most often the reason for this is that the mother is insensitive to the cues and signals of the infant, whose brain is programmed to mop up language rapidly. There are critical times, it seems, when children learn more readily. If these sensitive periods are neglected, the ideal time for acquiring skills passes and they might never be learned so easily again.

Linguists suggest that speech milestones are reached in a fixed sequence and at a constant age, but there are cases where speech has started late in a child who eventually turns out to be of high IQ (Intelligence Quotient).

Recent evidence suggests that an infant is born with the capacity to speak. What is special about man's brain, compared with that of the monkey, is the complex system which enables a child to connect the sight and feel of, say, a teddy-bear with the sound pattern "teddy-bear".

But speech has to be triggered, and this depends on interaction between the mother and

the child, where the mother recognizes the cues and signals in the child's babbling, clinging, grasping, crying, smiling, and responds to them. Insensitivity of the mother to these signals dulls the interaction because the child gets discouraged and sends out only the obvious signals. Sensitivity to the child's non-verbal cues is essential to the growth and development of language.

11. Frederick II's experiment was "drastic" because _____.
 - A. he wanted to prove children are born with ability to speak
 - B. he ignored the importance of mothering to the infant
 - C. he was unkind to the nurses and the children
 - D. he wanted his nurses to say no mother tongue
12. The reason some children are backward in speaking today is that _____.
 - A. they do not listen carefully to their mothers
 - B. their brains have to absorb too much language at once
 - C. their mothers do not respond to their attempts to speak
 - D. their mothers are not intelligent enough to help them
13. By "critical times" the author means _____.
 - A. difficult periods in the child's life
 - B. moments when the child becomes critical towards its mother
 - C. important stages in the child's development
 - D. times when mothers often neglect their children
14. Which of the following is NOT implied in the passage?
 - A. The faculty of speech is inborn to man.
 - B. Children do not need to be encouraged to speak.
 - C. The child's brain is highly selective.
 - D. Most children learn their language in definite stages.
15. If the mother does not respond to her child's signals, the child will _____.
 - A. never be able to speak properly
 - B. stop giving out signals
 - C. invent a language of its own
 - D. make little effort to speak

Passage 2

After a hectic day of work and play, the body needs to rest. Sleep is necessary for good health. During this time, the body recovers from the activities of the previous day. The rest that you get while sleeping enables your body to prepare itself for the next day.

There are four levels of sleep, each being a little deeper than the one before. As you sleep, your muscles relax little by little. Your heart beats more slowly, and your brain slows down. After you reach the fourth level, your body shifts back and forth from one level of sleep to the other.

Although your mind slows down, from time to time you will dream. Scientists who study sleep state that when dreaming occurs, your eyeballs begin to move more quickly (although your eyelids are closed). This stage of sleep is called REM, which stands rapid eye movement.

If you have trouble falling asleep, some people recommend breathing very slowly and very deeply. Other people believe that drinking warm milk will help make you drowsy. There is also an old suggestion that counting sheep will put you to sleep!

16. A good title for this passage is _____.
- A. Sleep
B. Good Health
C. Dreams
D. Work and Rest
17. The word "drowsy" in the last paragraph means _____.
- A. sick
B. stand up
C. awaken
D. a little sleepy
18. This passage suggests that not getting enough sleep might make you _____.
- A. dream more often
B. have poor health
C. nervous
D. breathe quickly
19. During REM, _____.
- A. your eyes move quickly
B. you don't dream
C. you are restless
D. you wake up

20. The average number of hours of sleep that an adult needs is _____.

- A. approximately six hours
- B. around ten hours
- C. about eight hours
- D. not stated here

Part III. Vocabulary and Structure (40 points)

Section A

Directions: *Each of the following sentences is followed by four choices (20 points). Choose the one that best completes the sentence.*

21. Grandma used to tell us something about her past story _____ she had spare time.

- A. as soon as
- B. as though
- C. as long as
- D. so that

22. _____, he ran back as soon as the enemy attacked.

- A. That he was coward
- B. He was coward that
- C. Coward that he was
- D. He was that coward

23. You are really clumsy! It _____ hours ago.

- A. should be finished
- B. must be finished
- C. must have finished
- D. should have been finished

24. The pilot asked all the passengers on board to remain _____ as the plane was making a landing.

- A. seated
- B. seating
- C. seat
- D. to be seating

25. The continuous rain _____ the harvesting of the wheat crop by two weeks.

- A. set back
- B. set off
- C. set out
- D. set aside

26. Doctors warned against chewing gum as a _____ for smoking.

- A. succession
- B. substitute
- C. subject
- D. substance

27. These teachers try to be objective when they _____ the integrated ability of their students.

- A. justify
B. evaluate
C. indicate
D. reckon

28. Many patients insist on having watches with them in hospital, _____ they have no schedules to keep.

- A. since
B. for
C. as if
D. even though

29. Mrs. Morris's daughter is pretty and _____, and many girls envy her.

- A. pale
B. weak
C. slender
D. light

30. I went along thinking of nothing _____, only looking at things around me.

- A. in brief
B. in harmony
C. in doubt
D. in particular

Section B Cloze

Directions: Read the following passage and fill in each blank by choosing the best answer from A, B, C and D. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet. Questions are based on this section. (20 points)

Moynihan said once that to be Irish is to know that in the end the world will break your heart. He's 31. We will get hurt if we see our loved ones die or our dreams 32. This is what we can do when that day comes—we worry, we 33 and we suffer.

But you have to believe in 34, which refuses to hide behind the bottle. Courage makes you love even when everything tells you not to love, and when the world tells you that the only safe thing to do is to 35, hiding from the whole world.

Sometimes to hurt means that you still 36. To hurt means that you haven't given up. And to hurt means that there will be a(an) 37 to all hurts. We lose, but we gain. Our loved ones die, but new loved ones are born. Our 38 walk away, but new ones come into our lives. Our loves leave us, but new ones appear, and maybe these ones won't leave

and will be there when you're 80 years old. You'll know that the big secret of life always was 39, nothing more, nothing less, and you'll have a moment where you'll be 40 for all, no matter pain or happiness.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| 31. A. right | B. wrong | C. clever | D. tired |
| 32. A. realize | B. form | C. grow | D. shatter |
| 33. A. laugh | B. sing | C. talk | D. fear |
| 34. A. change | B. courage | C. ability | D. legend |
| 35. A. keep on | B. turn up | C. run away | D. walk around |
| 36. A. worry | B. insist | C. doubt | D. hide |
| 37. A. end | B. start | C. tool | D. way |
| 38. A. friends | B. enemies | C. students | D. workers |
| 39. A. pain | B. love | C. money | D. food |
| 40. A. nervous | B. frightened | C. grateful | D. strange |

Part IV. Writing (20 points)

Directions: Write an essay about 150 words.

41. *Write an essay on the topic "Problems in City Traffic." Your composition should be based on the following outline:*

- (1) 现代城市的交通现状。
- (2) 污染和堵车是交通问题的两大体现。
- (3) 解决交通问题的建议。

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英语综合实践 试题答题纸

2010 年 7 月

题号	Part I	Part II	Part III	Part IV	总分
分数					

得分	评卷人

Part I . Listening Comprehension (20 points, 2 points each)

Section A

- | | |
|----|----|
| 1. | 2. |
| 3. | 4. |
| 5. | |

Section B

- | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
|----|----|----|----|-----|

得分	评卷人

Part II . Reading Comprehension (20 points, 2 points each)

Passage 1

- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

Passage 2

- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

得 分	评卷人

Part III. Vocabulary and Structure (40 points, 2 points each)

Section A

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.
 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.

Section B Cloze

31. 32. 33. 34. 35.
 36. 37. 38. 39. 40.

得 分	评卷人

Part IV. Writing (20 points)

41.

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英语综合实践 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2010 年 7 月

Part I . Listening Comprehension (20 points, 2 points each)

Section A

1. Green 2. apartment 3. nine/9 4. morning 5. 4589 4722

Section B

6. B 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. D

Part II . Reading comprehension (20 points, 2 points each)

11. B 12. C 13. C 14. B 15. D

16. A 17. D 18. B 19. A 20. D

Part III . Vocabulary and Structure (40 points, 2 points each)

Section A

21. C 22. C 23. D 24. A 25. A

26. B 27. B 28. D 29. C 30. D

Section B Cloze

31. A 32. D 33. D 34. B 35. C

36. B 37. A 38. A 39. B 40. C

Part IV. Writing (20 points)

41.

分 数	标 准
18—20	文章切题,内容充实,有独到之处;行文流畅,语言得体;篇幅适当;结构严谨;句子结构有变化,用词有。避免了单调和粗俗;无语法错误。
15—17	内容适合;语言自然得体;篇幅适当;结构合理;准确地使用常用语法结构;语法和选词基本无错误。
12—14	基本切题;语体基本得当;篇幅适当;篇章结构进行了适当的计划或调整;只有少量语法错误;或拼写错误,不致引起阅读困难。
9—11	基本切题,但内容有待充实;语体不当之处较少;篇幅适当;结构有待改善;常用结构中无语法错误,其他语法和词汇错误不致引起严重的阅读困难。
6—8	大致切题,但有关内容欠缺或包含无关内容;缺乏语体意识;篇幅不够;篇章结构松散不当;各种语言错误导致严重阅读困难或误解。
0—5	错误过多,无法阅读。